MATCHING - CHARACTER IDENTIFICATION

Directions: In sections A and B, choose the character that matches each description. Not all of the choices will be used.

SECTION A

___ 1. Scout; narrator of story
___ 2. Dill
___ 3. Finch family cook
___ 4. Maycomb’s sheriff
___ 5. roomer at Miss Maudie’s house
___ 6. neighborhood friend; bakes cakes
___ 7. Scout’s classmate; poor but proud
___ 8. wife of convicted rapist
___ 9. defense attorney in Robinson case
___ 10. neighborhood gossip

a. Calpurnia
b. Miss Caroline Fisher
c. Helen Robinson
d. Charles Baker Harris
e. Walter Cunningham
f. Heck Tate
g. Miss Maudie Atkinson
h. Jean Louise Finch
i. Miss Stephanie Crawford
j. Atticus Finch
k. John Taylor
SECTION B

Directions: In sections A and B, choose the character that matches each description. Not all of the choices will be used.

___ 11. newspaper publisher and editor
    a. Aunt Alexandra

___ 12. attacks Scout and Jem
    b. John Taylor

___ 13. mysterious neighbor who protects Finch children
    c. Jeremy Atticus Finch

___ 14. Jem
    d. Tom Robinson

___ 15. Atticus’ sister
    e. Braxton Underwood

___ 16. accused of assault and rape
    f. Stephanie Crawford

___ 17. presiding judge in Robinson case
    g. Mayella Ewell

___ 18. accuser of Tom Robinson
    h. Mr. Arthur Radley

___ 19. morphine addict
    i. Mr. Dolphus Raymond

___ 20. drinks a lot; white man who lives among Negroes
    j. Mrs. Henry Lafayette Dubose
    k. Bob Ewell

MATCHING - CAUSE/EFFECT

Directions: Choose the most probable cause for the behavior of each character listed.

___ 21. Bob Ewell
    a. moral responsibility

___ 22. Mayella
    b. vengeance

___ 23. Aunt Alexandra
    c. shame

___ 24. Atticus
    d. fear and shyness

___ 25. Miss Stephanie
    e. curiosity

___ 26. Boo Radley
    f. adolescence

___ 27. Mrs. Dubose
    g. family pride

___ 28. Jem
    h. desire to die free
TRUE-FALSE

Directions: If the statement is true, mark it T; if false, mark it F.

___ 29. This story takes place during the Great Depression.

___ 30. Aunt Alexandra disapproves of the way Atticus is raising Jem and Scout.

___ 31. Scout’s father is a lawyer.

___ 32. Scout and Jem’s mother has died before the story begins.

___ 33. At the beginning of the story, the children believe it is dangerous to go near the Radley house.

___ 34. The Cunninghams are a family of lazy, dishonest farmers.

___ 35. Several years earlier, Boo Radley had been locked in the courthouse basement for attacking his father with scissors.

___ 36. The story is told through Scout’s eyes.

___ 37. Dill has a happy home life with his parents.

___ 38. Atticus approves of the way Calpurnia trains Scout and Jem.

___ 39. Dill is a strong, handsome boy with little imagination.

___ 40. The story takes place in a small town in the Midwest.

___ 41. Miss Caroline Fisher is Scout’s teacher.

___ 42. Scout’s teacher is annoyed because Scout can read and write when she starts school.

___ 43. Scout and Jem often see Boo Radley when they peek at him through the shutters of his house.

___ 44. The treasures which the children find in the tree hole are intended for them.

___ 45. Jem and Scout do not readily accept Dill as their friend until he proves to them that he can read.

___ 46. Scout fights with Walter Cunningham in the schoolyard.

___ 47. Atticus believes that people like the Cunninghams and Ewells should be made to follow all of society’s rules.

___ 48. Miss Maudie admires Atticus for defending Tom Robinson.

___ 49. The children never disobey their father’s orders.

___ 50. Miss Dubose is admired by Atticus because she is not prejudiced toward black people.

___ 51. Jem loses his pants on the fence as the children are running out of the Radley yard one night.

___ 52. Scout mends Jem’s torn pants.

___ 53. Atticus cements the hole in the tree when he learns that Boo Radley has been leaving things in it for the children.

___ 54. In his final argument, Atticus pleads with the jury to judge Tom differently from white people in order to overcome their biases and prejudice.

___ 55. Scout and Jem witness the trial of Tom Robinson.

___ 56. Tom Robinson is convicted of rape.

___ 57. Atticus breaks up the mob which comes to get Tom Robinson.

___ 58. Atticus proves that Mayella Ewell was beaten up by her brother.

___ 59. Uncle Jack spanks Scout for hitting Francis.

100-Question Test - continued
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___ 60. When Scout breaks up the mob, Mr. Underwood is watching from an upstairs window with a shotgun in his hand.

___ 61. Miss Maudie thinks that Scout should learn to be a lady.

___ 62. Bob Ewell threatens only Atticus and his family.

___ 63. Scout’s attitude and behavior are changed by the events of this story.

___ 64. In Maycomb, the word of an honest black person outweighs the word of a dishonest white person.

___ 65. The black community is bitter towards Atticus after Tom Robinson dies.

___ 66. All people in To Kill a Mockingbird have an equal opportunity for life, liberty, and happiness.

MULTIPLE CHOICE

Directions: Choose the best answer.

___ 67. When Atticus calls Mayella Ewell "Miss Mayella" and "ma’am," she feels (a) the terms are a mark of respect; (b) that he is making fun of her; (c) that she is important.

___ 68. Jem and Scout’s respect for their father is greatly increased when he (a) collects a large fee from a client; (b) argues with Mrs. Dubose; (c) shoots a mad dog.

___ 69. Scout realizes that Mayella Ewell is (a) a shrewd, calculating woman; (b) the loneliest person in the world; (c) generous and loving.

___ 70. Heck Tate is (a) cruel and unjust; (b) wise and tolerant; (c) prejudiced and ignorant.

___ 71. Mr. Underwood says that Tom Robinson’s death is (a) the working of justice; (b) a senseless slaughter; (c) Atticus’ fault.

___ 72. The church ladies seem to be less interested in poverty in their own town than (a) poverty and strange customs in foreign lands; (b) their own clothes; (c) local government.

___ 73. Jem is broken-hearted when Tom Robinson is convicted because (a) Tom is an old friend; (b) Jem is disappointed in his father; (c) Jem can’t understand such injustice.

___ 74. After the trial, Dill says that when he grows up, he wants to be a (a) clown; (b) lawyer; (c) doctor.

___ 75. The children gradually conclude that "background" is (a) how much money a family has; (b) how long a family has owned land and been literate; (c) how important the father is in the community.

___ 76. In his speech to the jury, Atticus says he feels pity for (a) Helen Robinson; (b) Mayella Ewell; (c) the townspeople.

___ 77. When Aunt Alexandra comes to stay with them, the children are (a) delighted; (b) angry; (c) depressed.

___ 78. Dill feels sick in the courtroom because (a) the drink Mr. Raymond gives him makes him sick; (b) the heat is intense; (c) Mr. Gilmer cross-examines Tom in a disrespectful way.

___ 79. Jem and Scout are attacked on their way home from the Halloween pageant at school by (a) Bob Ewell; (b) Boo Radley; (c) Tom Robinson.

___ 80. In the Halloween pageant, Scout is a (a) farmer; (b) ham; (c) ghost.

___ 81. After Scout takes Boo Radley home, she (a) runs home; (b) goes in and meets Mrs. Radley; (c) stands on the porch, looking at the street as Boo has seen it all those years.

100-Question Test - continued
82. Heck Tate insists that Bob Ewell fell on his own knife because Tate wants to: (a) spare Atticus embarrassment; (b) protect Jem from more pain; (c) shield Boo from public attention.

83. According to gossip, the Radleys keep Boo at home because he is: (a) horribly ugly and deformed; (b) sickly and frightened; (c) insane and violent.

84. Atticus says you can get along better with a person if you: (a) learn to “hear” with both ears; (b) crawl into that person’s skin; (c) take an honest look in a mirror.

85. Scout agrees to go back to school when: (a) she realizes her teacher did not mean to hurt her; (b) Jem says she is chicken; (c) Atticus lets her keep reading at home.

86. The night Miss Maudie’s house burns, (a) Boo gives Scout a blanket; (b) Atticus is nearly killed climbing from a window; (c) Mrs. Dubose has a heart attack.

87. The main reason Atticus defends Tom Robinson is because he: (a) knows Tom doesn’t have a chance without his help; (b) feels he owes the blacks of Maycomb a debt; (c) wants to stand up for his principles.

88. Atticus hopes Jem and Scout can get through the trial without catching “Maycomb’s usual disease” which is: (a) conceit; (b) prejudice; (c) resentment.

89. Miss Maudie says that to kill a mockingbird is a sin because mockingbirds are: (a) rare and shy birds; (b) a reminder of the Old South; (c) harmless and defenseless creatures.

90. Jem’s attack on Mrs. Dubose’s flowers and Scout’s fight with Francis are similar because: (a) both children are defending Atticus; (b) Atticus approves of his children’s defense of principles; (c) both children know they are wrong.

91. Atticus says Mrs. Dubose is brave because she: (a) dares tell people exactly what she thinks; (b) tries though she knows from the start that she is defeated; (c) is a well-bred lady even in her pain.

92. As Jem matures, Scout finds he seems: (a) more open; (b) more difficult to understand; (c) more critical of Atticus.

93. Scout and Jem get a rare look into the lives of the black people when they: (a) go with Atticus to visit Helen Robinson; (b) talk to Dolphus Raymond; (c) attend church with Calpurnia.

94. Aunt Alexandra believes people are a product of: (a) their environment; (b) the events of their lives; (c) their family background.

95. Scout stops Mr. Cunningham from becoming violent at the jail because: (a) she begs him not to hurt her father; (b) her innocence shames him; (c) she reminds him of how much he owes Atticus.

96. Mr. Underwood’s support at the jail shocks Atticus because Mr. Underwood: (a) risked support for his paper by helping Atticus; (b) has always been Atticus’ foe in the legislature; (c) hates black people.

97. Tom says he helped Mayella with chores because he: (a) needed what money she could give him; (b) felt sorry for her; (c) feared she would make trouble if he didn’t.

98. Dolphus Raymond pretends to be a drunkard because that: (a) stops people from giving him sympathy; (b) leads others to underestimate him in business deals; (c) serves as an excuse for all his odd habits.

99. Mr. Underwood compares Tom’s death to: (a) the crucifixion of Christ; (b) the slaughter of songbirds; (c) the tormenting of Boo Radley.

100. Justice for most people in *To Kill a Mockingbird* means doing what is fair or right according to: (a) Atticus; (b) tradition; (c) the United States Constitution.
**TEST KEY**

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